Different Types of Prayer



Bible Contemplation: St. Ignatius recommended praying over a scripture passage where you imagine a verse being spoken to you or picturing yourself as part of a scripture passage.

Bible Praying: Read a verse or passage (Psalms especially) and respond to it in prayer, using it to guide your conversation with God. (Martin Luther's method is especially helpful.)

Breath or Micro Prayers: Simple expressions of thankfulness or need throughout your day. Some even put them on post-it-notes.

Centering Prayer: Quiet prayer that focuses on a particular scriptural verse, word or idea, gently returning to prayer when distracted.

Conversational Prayer: Simply sharing with God what is on your mind and heart.

Examen Prayer: St. Ignatius wrote about this form of prayer with five steps of giving <u>thanks</u>, asking for <u>understanding</u>, <u>review</u> your day or week, reflect on this and look forward to time ahead with God.

Fixed-Hour Prayer: Praying at particular times of the day as monks often do to create a pattern of prayerfulness.

Group Prayer: Gathering with an individual or as a group, often for a particular purpose, such as praying for someone.

Healing Prayer: Especially praying with or for someone who needs healing in body, mind or spirit.

Imaginative Prayer: This could include writing, using various forms of art or other creative expressions to express your prayer life.

Intercessory Prayer: Praying for the needs and concerns of others.

Journaling Our Prayers: Writing out your prayers as a form of physically recording your thoughts and prayers.

Different Types of Prayer



Bible Contemplation: St. Ignatius recommended praying over a scripture passage where you imagine a verse being spoken to you or picturing yourself as part of a scripture passage.

Bible Praying: Read a verse or passage (Psalms especially) and respond to it in prayer, using it to guide your conversation with God. (Martin Luther's method is especially helpful.)

Breath or Micro Prayers: Simple expressions of thankfulness or need throughout your day. Some even put them on post-it-notes.

Centering Prayer: Quiet prayer that focuses on a particular scriptural verse, word or idea, gently returning to prayer when distracted.

Conversational Prayer: Simply sharing with God what is on your mind and heart.

Examen Prayer: St. Ignatius wrote about this form of prayer with five steps of giving <u>thanks</u>, asking for <u>understanding</u>, <u>review</u> your day or week, reflect on this and look forward to time ahead with God.

Fixed-Hour Prayer: Praying at particular times of the day as monks often do to create a pattern of prayerfulness.

Group Prayer: Gathering with an individual or as a group, often for a particular purpose, such as praying for someone.

Healing Prayer: Especially praying with or for someone who needs healing in body, mind or spirit.

Imaginative Prayer: This could include writing, using various forms of art or other creative expressions to express your prayer life.

Intercessory Prayer: Praying for the needs and concerns of others.

Journaling Our Prayers: Writing out your prayers as a form of physically recording your thoughts and prayers.

Lament Prayers: Often found in scripture, lifting up the sorrow, anger, hurts and challenges of life. They often take the form of acknowledging God, stating your pain, a request for help and an expression of trust and hope.

Lectio Divina: Another way of praying scripture. Start with an open, quiet mind. First, <u>read</u> the text noting words or phrases that jump out. On your second reading, <u>reflect</u> more deeply. On the third reading, <u>respond</u> in words or writing and then end by <u>contemplating</u>.

Liturgical or Memorized Prayers: Using a prayer written by someone else. Great examples are the Lord's Prayer, the Prayer of St. Francis or Martin Luther's daily prayers found in the Small Catechism.

Meditation/Listening Prayer: Being quiet in prayer, open to the words and guidance of God.

Mindfulness or Practicing the Presence of God: Especially influenced by Brother Lawrence, this is becoming aware of God in our daily lives.

Music and Worship Prayer: Use music, singing, Taizé, Psalms or other scriptural music to praise God through music. (St. Augustine and Martin Luther said those who sing, pray twice.)

Places of Prayer: Many people find there are holy environments that bless their prayers such as lighting a candle, outside in nature, at a church or retreat center, or observing the Stations of the Cross.

Posture Prayers: Use different physical positions like open hands, standing with hands open, laying down or kneeling to guide your prayers.

Reflecting on Your Past: Catherine de Hueck Doherty once shared with a friend that she had been praying through the events of her life, taking time to thank and reflect on God's presence.

Visio Divina: Using icons, artwork or nature to "pray with your eyes."

Walking Prayer: Pray while you are walking, incorporating your environment into your prayer or through a prayer labyrinth.

Lament Prayers: Often found in scripture, lifting up the sorrow, anger, hurts and challenges of life. They often take the form of acknowledging God, stating your pain, a request for help and an expression of trust and hope.

Lectio Divina: Another way of praying scripture. Start with an open, quiet mind. First, <u>read</u> the text noting words or phrases that jump out. On your second reading, <u>reflect</u> more deeply. On the third reading, <u>respond</u> in words or writing and then end by <u>contemplating</u>.

Liturgical or Memorized Prayers: Using a prayer written by someone else. Great examples are the Lord's Prayer, the Prayer of St. Francis or Martin Luther's daily prayers found in the Small Catechism.

Meditation/Listening Prayer: Being quiet in prayer, open to the words and guidance of God.

Mindfulness or Practicing the Presence of God: Especially influenced by Brother Lawrence, this is becoming aware of God in our daily lives.

Music and Worship Prayer: Use music, singing, Taizé, Psalms or other scriptural music to praise God through music. (St. Augustine and Martin Luther said those who sing, pray twice.)

Places of Prayer: Many people find there are holy environments that bless their prayers such as lighting a candle, outside in nature, at a church or retreat center, or observing the Stations of the Cross.

Posture Prayers: Use different physical positions like open hands, standing with hands open, laying down or kneeling to guide your prayers.

Reflecting on Your Past: Catherine de Hueck Doherty once shared with a friend that she had been praying through the events of her life, taking time to thank and reflect on God's presence.

Visio Divina: Using icons, artwork or nature to "pray with your eyes."

Walking Prayer: Pray while you are walking, incorporating your environment into your prayer or through a prayer labyrinth.